Resumo

Central America has its recent history full of episodes resulting in violent conflicts over land maintenance, parallel armed groups' confrontations or even organized crime control. This has led countries such as Guatemala, El Salvador and Nicaragua to receive intense external interferences in order to eliminate violence and establish peace. This paper argues, on one hand, that the United States played an important role in intervening in peace processes in the 20th era in these countries, that involved governments and non-state armed forces; on the other hand, it develops the idea that this external actor has acted as an important player in these processes, as a consequence of its regional influence at the area, trying to identify through sources such as academic book review and others, its different strategies as an ambassador of democracy stability. The main contribution for research on studies about peace process in Central America is that not only domestic actors should be considered in further analysis, but also external ones.

Referências


